



2024 CDISC + TMF
US INTERCHANGE

PHOENIX/SCOTTSDALE

23-24 OCTOBER: CONFERENCE & EXPO | 21, 22, 25 OCTOBER: TRAININGS

Using a Standards Library to support end-to-end CDISC automation

Stuart Malcolm
Head of Standards, Efficiency and Automation
Veramed



Meet the Speaker

Stuart Malcolm

Title: Head of Standards, Efficiency and Automation

Organization: Veramed

Stuart Malcolm is Head of Standards, Efficiency and Automation at Veramed where he is responsible for the delivery of software platforms, tools, and techniques to optimise the delivery of clinical trial analysis projects

Stuart has over 25 years experience delivering software-based solutions in clinical trials, and has previously worked in telecoms, finance and media.

Stuart is co-chair of PHUSE Emerging Trends & Technology Working Group

"To define the future, one must study the past"

TFL Automation using CDISC Analysis Results
Metadata (ARM)
PharmaSUG 2019

A Language-Orientated Approach to CDISC
Metadata-Driven Automation
CDISC Interchange 2023

PharmaSUG 2019 - Paper AD-293
Large-scale TFL Automation for regulated Pharmaceutical trials using CDISC Analysis Results Metadata (ARM)
Stuart Malcolm, Frontier Science (Scotland) Ltd.

ABSTRACT
The creation of a Clinical Study Report (CSR) for Phase III Pharmaceutical clinical trial involves the production of several hundred Tables, Figures and Listings (TFL). This can be a time-consuming activity when each TFL is programmed manually.
While some TFL are common for many studies, there is always a requirement to create study-specific TFL. In addition, CDISC Analysis Results Metadata (ARM) Define.xml is often requested at the end of the trial.
This paper outlines an approach to TFL automation that involved creation of the CDISC Analysis Results Metadata at the start of the process, not the end, and uses this metadata to generate the TFL.
A SAS program structure is described that allows standard TFL to be created while also providing flexibility to easily incorporate study-specific analyses.

INTRODUCTION
The development of TFL is primarily a collaboration between Clinical Statisticians and Statistical Programmers, as shown in Figure 1 below. The Programmer's primary role is to create and QC TFL, and the Statistician's role is to specify the TFL - using a combination of a SAS (Statistical Analysis Plan) and Mock Table Sheets.

Figure 1 Users and uses of an automated TFL system

In an automated TFL system, the Metadata performs a similar role as programming specification for traditional manually programmed TFL. Typically the metadata is created by the Programmer and reviewed by the Statistician. The development of the Metadata is the main area of collaboration between Programmers and Statisticians, and one of the benefits of using the CDISC ARM standard for the

Workstream 6 & Task Team Leads

Workstream 6 Lead
Bhavin Busa, Vita Data Sciences

SDTM/ADaM Automation Task Team Leads
Kaja Najumdeen, TalentMine
Jianhui Zhao, Allergan

TFL Automation Task Team Leads
Prasanna Murugesan, AstraZeneca
Stuart Malcolm, Frontier Science

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Automation of TFL Generation using CDISC 360
Enriched Metadata
CDISC EU Interchange 2020

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**2023
EUROPE
INTERCHANGE
COPENHAGEN | 26-27 APRIL**

A Language-Orientated Approach to CDISC Metadata-Driven Automation
Stuart Malcolm,
Head of Standards, Efficiency and Automation,
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Disclaimer and Disclosures

- *The views and opinions expressed in this presentation are those of the author(s) and do not necessarily reflect the official policy or position of CDISC.*
- *The author(s) have no real or apparent conflicts of interest to report.*

End-to-End Vision



What is 360?

360 is the CDISC initiative aimed at implementing standards as linked metadata with a conceptual foundation providing the additional semantics needed to support metadata driven-automation across the end-to-end clinical research data lifecycle.

New software tools will be able to consume this new metadata to ease standards implementations while increasing data processing efficiencies.

Standards-based metadata-driven automation is a critical component in realizing the primary benefits expected of the CDISC standards: substantially improved efficiency, consistency, and re-usability across the clinical research data lifecycle.

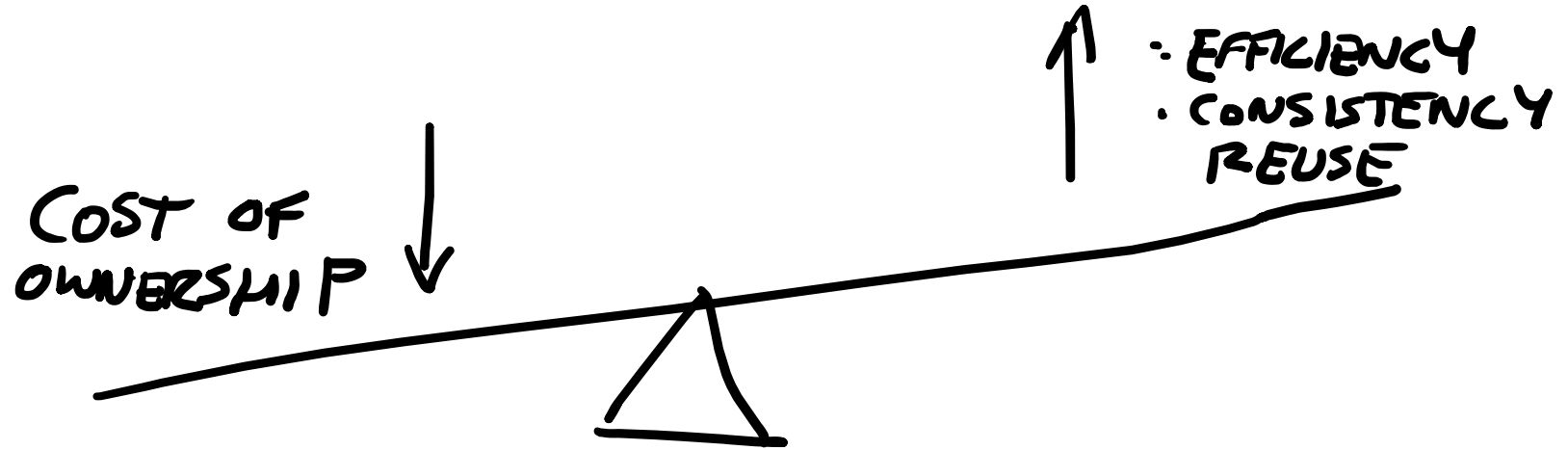
These benefits drive the return on investment in the CDISC standards implementations expected by CDISC stakeholders.

“SUBSTANTIALLY IMPROVED

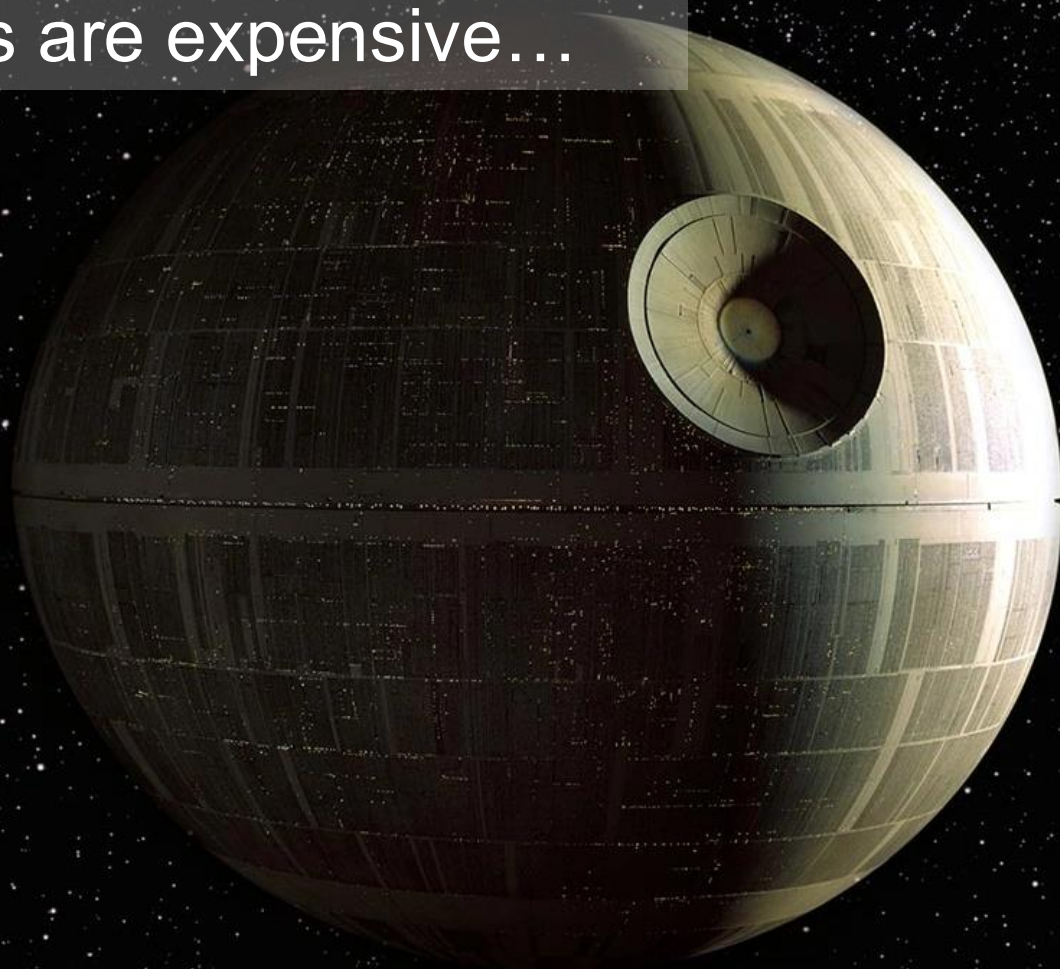
- EFFICIENCY
- CONSISTENCY
- REUSABILITY

ACROSS THE CLINICAL RESEARCH LIFECYCLE”

Substantially Improved...

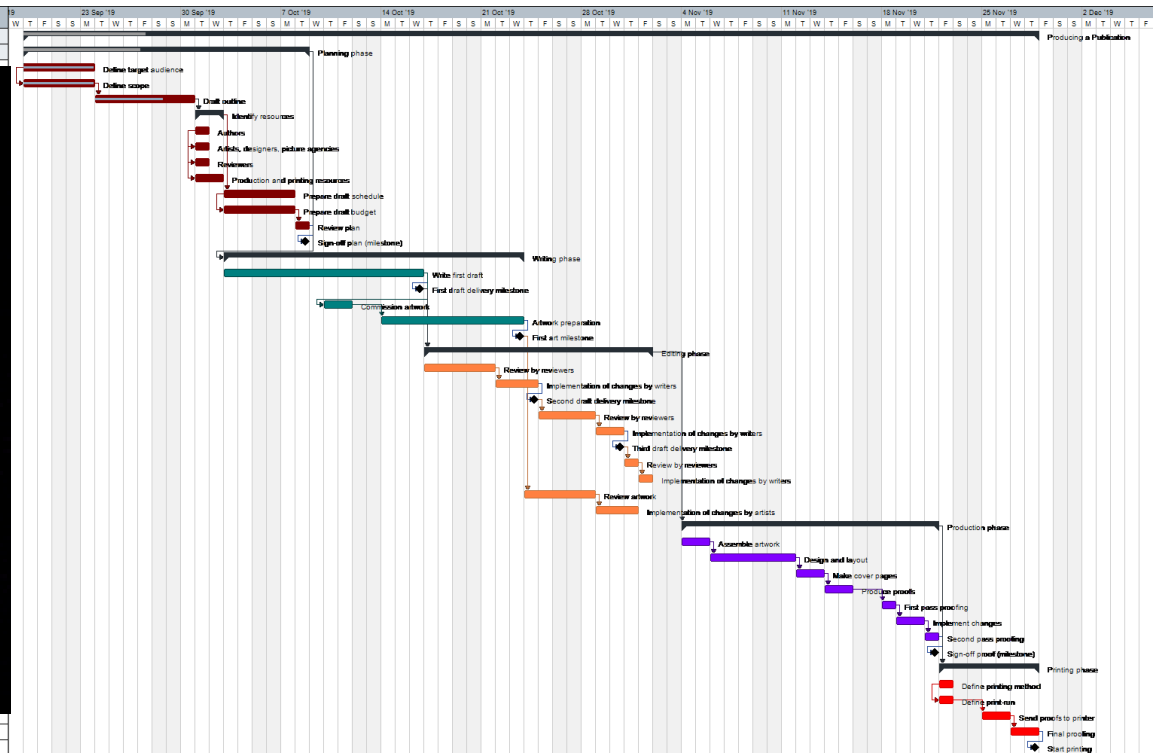


Death Stars are expensive...

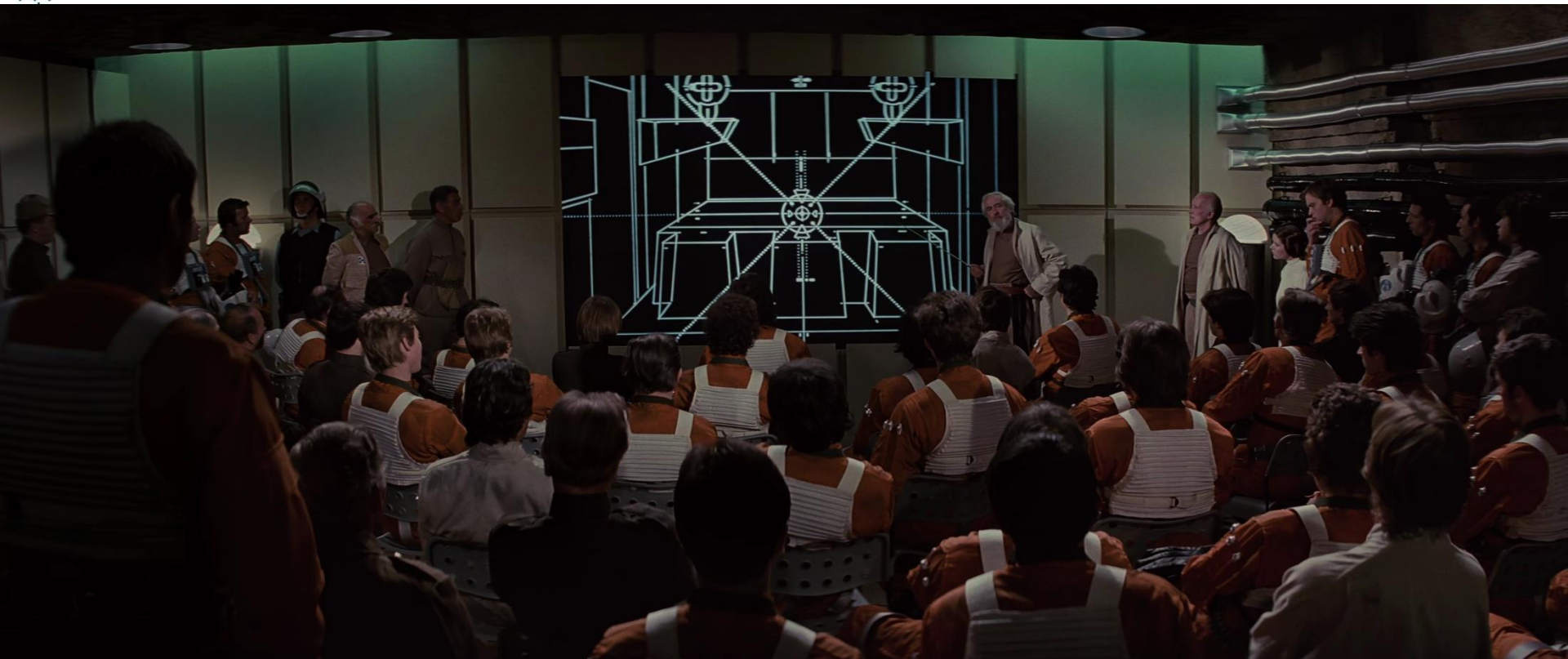


...take a lot of time and effort to build, and..

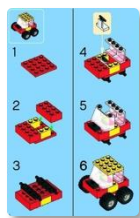
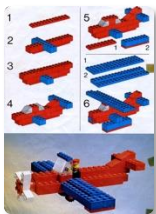
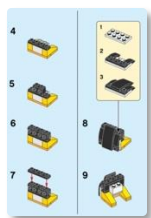
Task ID	Task Name	Duration	Start	End	Predecessors	Completion	Priority	Resources	Work	Cost
1	Producing a Publication	51 days	19/09/2019	28/11/2019		12%	500		0 hrs	\$0.00
2	Planning phase	14 days	19/09/2019	08/10/2019		41%	500		0 hrs	\$0.00
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44	Send proofs	2 days	20/11/2019	20/11/2019	43	0%	500		0 hrs	\$0.00
45	Final proofing	2 days	27/11/2019	29/11/2019	44	0%	500		0 hrs	\$0.00
46	Start printing	0 days	28/11/2019	28/11/2019	45	0%	500		0 hrs	\$0.00



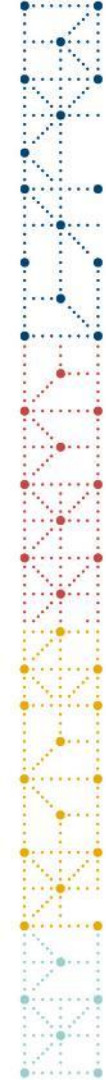
...are static and hard to change!



What if we could build trials out of components?..

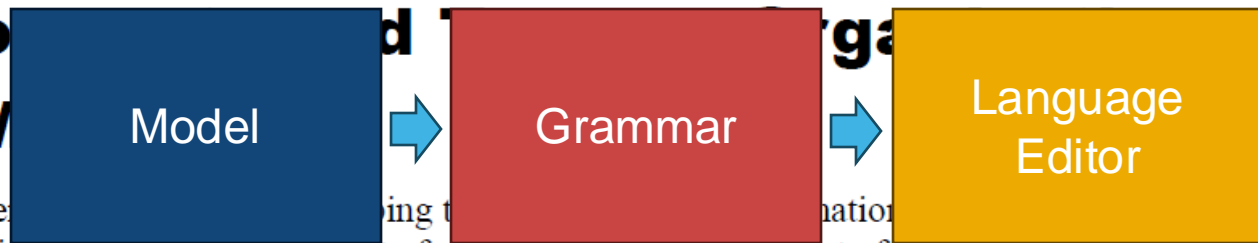


It's not metadata... it's a model



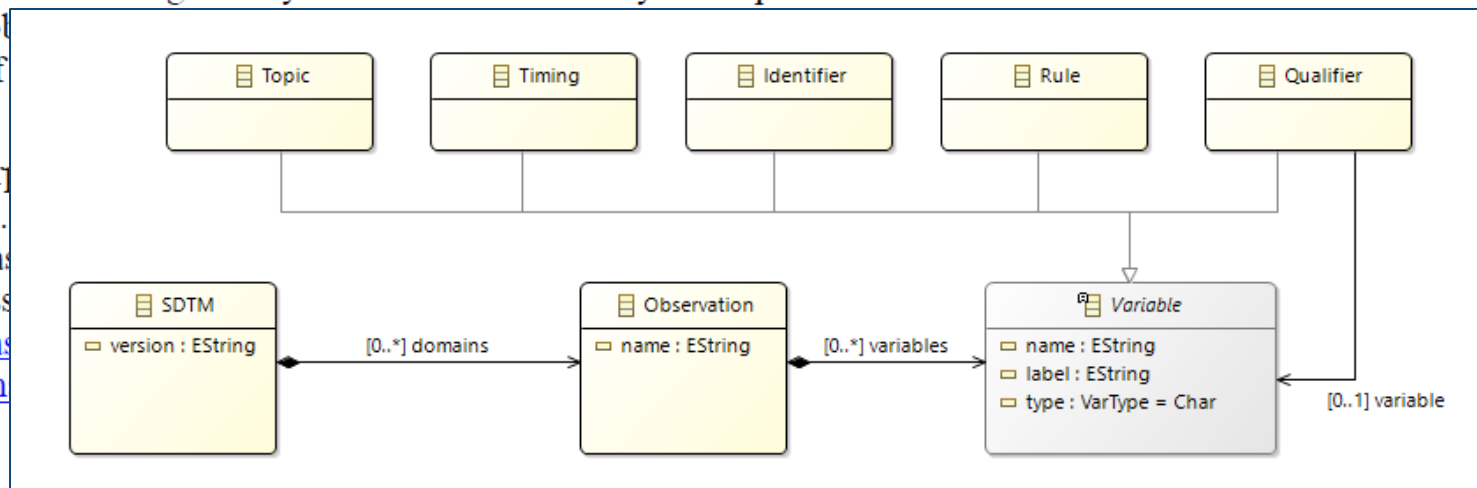
It's not metadata... it's a model

2 Model Construction and Integration of the SDTM



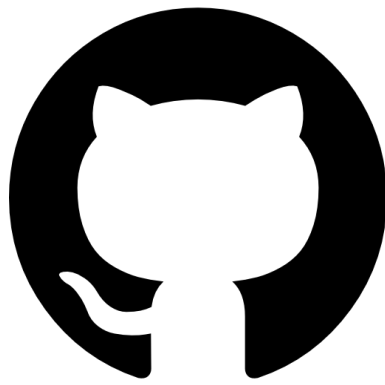
The SDTM provides a general framework for organizing and representing data from clinical studies. The model is built around the concept of *observations*, which consist of discrete pieces of information collected during a study. Observations normally correspond to rows in a dataset. A *domain* is a collection of observations related to a specific adverse event or clinical trial.

The primary purpose of the SDTM is to facilitate the integration of data from multiple medical devices. Within those classes, the observation class is the primary class. [Observation Class](#) [purpose Domain](#)





```
/*  
 * SDTM v2.0 example at CDISC Interchange 2023  
 */  
SDTM {  
  version "2.0" // version number  
  domains {  
    Observation "Interventions" {  
      variables {  
        Topic "TRT" {  
          label "Name of Treatment"  
          type Float  
        },  
        Qualifier "MODIFY" {  
          label "Modified Treatment Name"  
          type Char  
          variable TRT  
        },  
        Qualifier "DECOD" {  
          label "Study Treatment Code"  
          type Char  
          variable TRT  
        }  
      }  
    }  
  }  
}
```

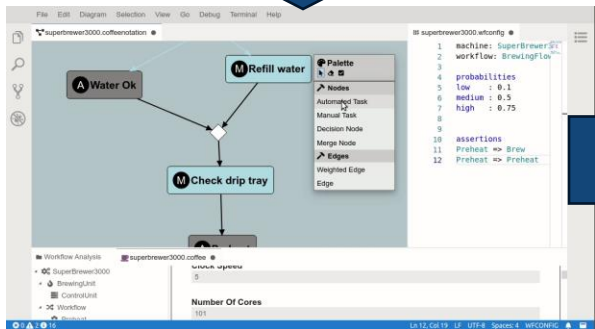


Just files In Git



Standards Library

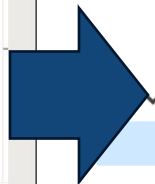
Git
Repo



Workbench



- ▼ library
- ▼ development
- ▼ 1_industry
- ▼ 1_standard
 - > cdisc
 - 2_sdtm
 - 3_adam
 - 4_define
 - 5_dictionaries
 - meddra
 - whodrug
 - 2_company
 - > 1_crf
 - > 2_edt
 - 3_sdtm
 - 3_franchise
 - cgm
 - > ocular
 - > surgery
 - 4_study



Name

- CM099_v1.0.0
- DE001_v1.0.0
- DM001_v1.0.0
- DM002_v1.0.0
- DS001_v1.0.0
- IE001_v1.0.0
- MH001_v1.0.0
- OA001_v1.0.0
- QS001_1_v1.0.0
- QS001_2_v1.0.0
- QS001_3_v1.0.0
- QS001_4_v1.0.0
- QS001_6_v1.0.0
- QS001_v1.0.0
- QS002_v1.0.0
- QS005_v1.0.0
- QS010_v1.0.0
- QS023_v1.0.0
- QS025_v1.0.0
- QS099_2_v1.0.0
- XA002_v1.0.0



{JSON}

```
{
  "document": {
    "uri": "/path/to/source/docs/cdiscpilot01_sap.pdf",
    "md5": "6fc234ad3752e1267b34fb12bcd6718b",
    "annotationGroupSets": [
      {
        "annotationGroup": {
          "name": "ADSL",
          "description": "Subject-Level Analysis Dataset Structure",
          "annotation": [
            {
              "title": "ADSL.RANDFL", "page": "8" },
            {
              "title": "ADSL.ITFFL", "page": "8" },
            {
              "title": "ADSL.SAFFL", "page": "8" },
            {
              "title": "ADSL.EFFFL", "page": "8" },
            {
              "body": {
                "label": "Efficacy Population Flag",
                "core": "Cond",
                "simpleDataType": "Char",
                "valueList": [ "Y", "N" ]
              }
            },
            {
              "title": "ADSL.COMPLFL"
            }
          ]
        }
      }
    ]
  }
}
```



Consumer Program

DEMO



EXPLORER

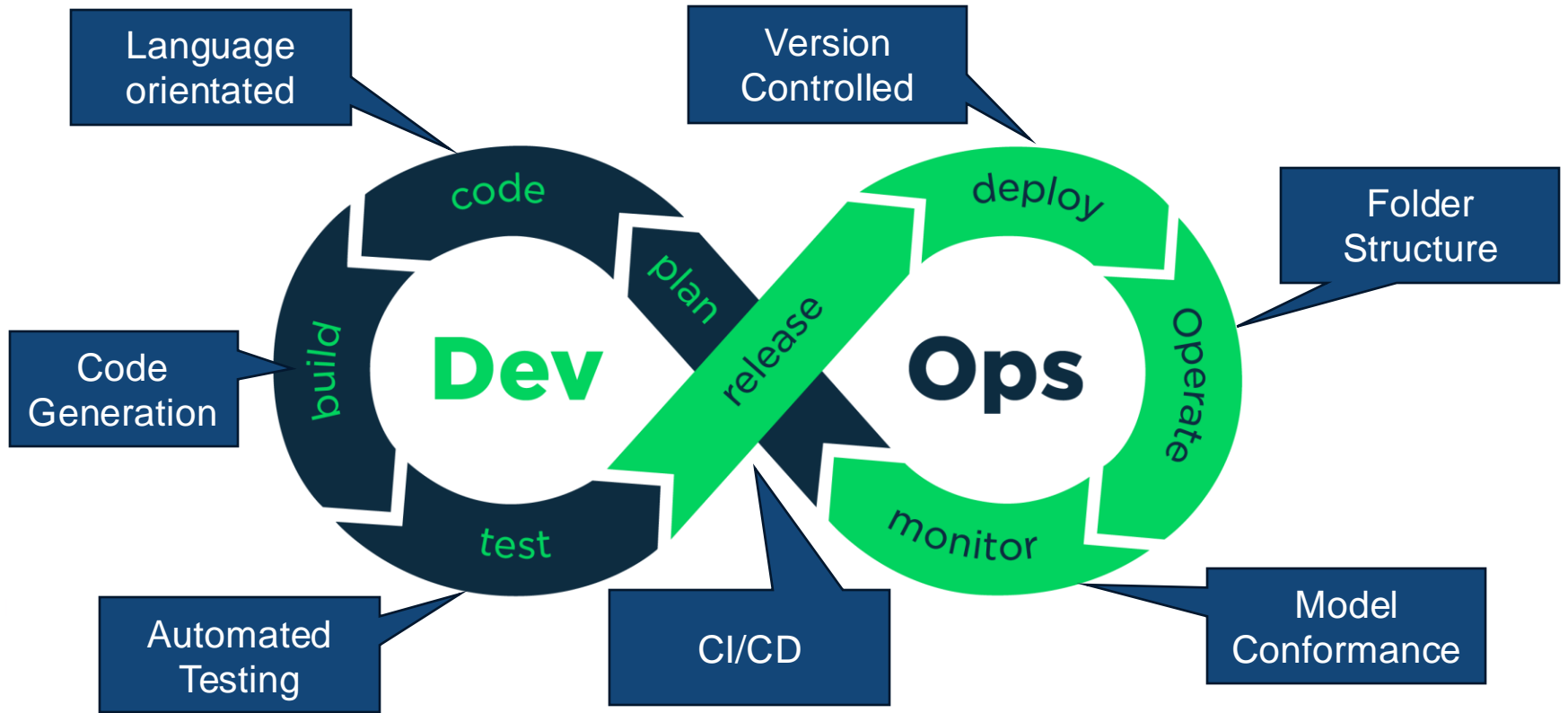
- OPEN EDITORS
- WORKSPACE
 - re_interim_csr
 - data
 - define
 - documents
 - prod
 - adam
 - sdtm
 - share
 - tfl
 - util
 - qc
 - share
 - generate.sh
 - re_interim_csr.app
 - README.txt
 - .gitignore
 - .gitkeep
 - clean.sh
 - init.sh
 - README.md

re_interim_csr.app

- Interim CSR
 - f_km_curve
 - f_eDISH
 - t_dem_bchar
 - Age (years)
 - Age group (years)
 - Sex
 - Race
 - MMSE Score
 - MMSE Score (Based on sc...)
 - Duration of disease (mont...)
 - Duration of disease categ...
 - Years of education
 - Baseline weight (kg)
 - Baseline height (m)
 - BMI
 - BMI Category
 - t_ae_com
 - Preferred Term
 - t_ae_dth
 - Subjects with at least one ...
 - Subjects with at least one ...
 - t_ae_int
 - t_ae_rel
 - Subjects with at least one ...

Display Title	BigN Dataset	Analysis Var	BigN Where
Summary of Demographics and Baseline Characteristics	ADSL		POPFL="Y"
Category must be equal to one of the allowed values			
None			
	Across Var*		
	TRT01P		
	Template		
	table.sas		

An agile approach to standards management



A New Hope? Agile, Decentralised and Automated





Thank you!

Stuart Malcolm

Head of Standards, Efficiency and Automation,
Veramed

Stuart.Malcolm@Veramed.co.uk

The logo for cdisc, featuring the word "cdisc" in a bold, lowercase, blue sans-serif font. Above the letters "i", "s", and "c" are three small colored dots: red, yellow, and light blue.



[linkedin.com/in/stuart-malcolm/](https://www.linkedin.com/in/stuart-malcolm/)